

Chapter 10

Revolt of 1857-58

SOLUTIONS:

Exercises:

Answer each question in a word or a sentence

(a) What impact did the annexation of Awadh create among the rulers of the native states?

Ans: The annexation of Awadh creates panic among the rulers of the native states.

(b) What is General Service Enlistment Act of 1856?

Ans: It is an act which requires all the sepoys to march wherever demanded.

(c) What religious fear did the Indians have over the Christian missionaries?

Ans: The Indians feared that the Christian missionaries would endangered their religion.

(d) Why did the Indian sepoys reject the Enfield rifle?

EDUCATION (S) Ans: Because it's cartridge were greased with fat from pigs and cows.

Answer each question in about 30 words

(a) Write the treatment of Mughals by the British?

Ans: After the death of Bahadur Shah II, the British ill treated the Mughals by ordering them to leave the Red Fort, the Mughal's palace in Delhi and by abolishing the title of the king to the sons of Bahadur Shah.

(b) Why did the Revolt of 1857 end in a failure?

Ans: The Revolt of 1857 ended in a failure due to –

- 1. Disunity among the leaders
- 2. Short of modern weapons
- 3. Refusal by most of the Indian rulers and big zamindars to join the revolt.

(c) Describe the economic causes of the Revolt of 1857.

Ans: The economic causes of the Revolt of 1857 was the exploitation of the traditional economic fabric of India which impoverished peasants, artisans, handicraftsmen and also a large number of traditional zamindars and chiefs.

Fill in the blank column by using appropriate term.

- (a) Sepoys throughout India were issued with a grease cartridge.
- **(b)** On <u>24th April 1857</u>, ninety men of 3rd Native Infantry stationed at Meerut refused to accept the greased cartridges.



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