

CLASS: V
SUB: ENGLISH
Lesson-4: FACING THE CHALLENGES OF LIFE

EXERCISE

- 1. a) Answer the following questions:
- i) What is the meaning of Ma-ngal?Ans: The meaning of Ma-ngal is light.
- ii) Why did the joy of the mother on the birth of Ma-ngal turn into despair?

 Ans: The joy of the mother on the birth of Ma-ngal turn into despair because he was born blind.
- iii) Why did Ma-ngal's mother refuse to leave him alone as he grew up?

 Ans: Ma-ngal's mother refuse to leave him alone as he grew up because she was worried that he might hurt himself.
- iv) What is 'seeing'?

Ans: Seeing is noticing something with one's eyes.

- v) How old was Ma-ngal when he was admitted in the school for the blind? Ans: Ma-ngal was 8 years old when he was admitted in the school for the blind.
- vi) When did Ma-ngal experience a change in the attitude of his parents towards his blindness?

Ans: Ma-ngal experience a change in the attitude of his parents towards his blindness when they met the principal of the blind school.

vii) What is Braille?

Ans: Braille is a type of writing where letters are represented by raised dots.

viii) How did Ma-ngal save his house from burning?

Ans: An unusual smell wake Ma-ngal up and immediately he shouted and wake his parents up. They acted quickly and saved the house from burning.

ix) Who was Helen Keller?

Ans: Helen Keller was a blind and deaf woman from infancy but succeeded in becoming a writer and lecturer.

x) How could Helen Keller read when a person spoke to her?

Ans: Helen Keller could read when a person spoke to her by keeping her finger on the lips of the speaker.

1. (b) Study the sentence given below:

He can't feel as he is atrophied.

Now, fill up th	ie blanks:
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- i) He can't see as <u>blind</u>.
- ii) He can't speak as dump.
- iii) He can't walk as lame.
- iv) He can't head as deaf
- 2. Read these sentences:

The sun gives us <u>light.</u>
Cotton is <u>light.</u>

In the first sentence '**light'** is used as a naming word (noun). In the second sentence '**light'** is used as a qualifying word (adjective).

Some words are given below. Now, fill up the blanks in the following sentences using these words.

Plane	flat	cold	grave	fine	

i) Theplane is taking off within ten minutes.
ii) The surface of the ground isplane
iii) His family lives in aflat At New Delhi
iv) We have to put the refrigerator on aflat surface.
v) He has been suffering from <i>cold</i> and cough for three days.
vi) Winter season is verycold
vii) The child is offering flowers on the <i>grave</i> Of his grandmother.
viii) He gave a veryfinespeech in yesterday's meeting.
ix) The students have to pay afine If they do not submit their forms on time.
x) How are you?
I amfine Thank you.

3. (a) Make new words by adding 'de' to these words.

Example: De + light = Delight

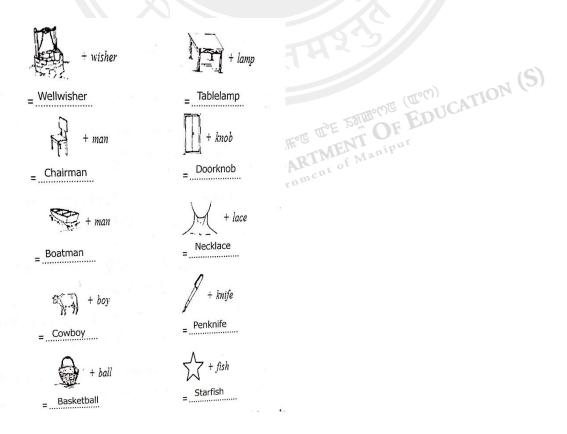
Throne lay fine merit compose

Now, use those newly form words in their correct forms in the sentences below:

- (i) Shahjahan wasdethrone...... By his own son.
- (ii) The bad weather will......delay....... the Imphal- New Delhi flight.
- (iii) The teacherdefine...... the difficult terms very well in the class.
- (iv) Before doing a work, we should first think of its merits anddemerit.....
- (v) The waste materials willdecompose...... very soon.

(b) Combine what is indicated by the pictures with the words given against them and form new words

Ans:



(b) Now, fill in the blanks in the following sentences with newly formed words:
(i) Joy is a very famousBasketball player.
(ii) The sea fish which resembles the shape of a star isstarfish
(iii) The principal of the school will be thechairman Of the function.
(iv) Awellwisher is one who thinks for your success.
(v) He uses thepenknife to sharpen the pencil.
(vi) My father gave my mother a goldnecklace on her 35 th birthday.
(vii) it is good for the eyes to use an electrictable-lampfor reading.
(viii) We will need to hire aboatmanfor boating in the Loktak Lake.
(ix) Thecowboy looks after the cattle on the ranch.
4. (a) Look at the given sentences and study how some words are changed to mean "many":
(i) There is <u>an apple</u> .
There are <u>two apples</u> .
(ii) There is only <u>a leaf</u> on the vine.
There are <u>two leaves</u> on the vine.
(iii) Kolkata is <u>a big city</u> .
There are <u>many big cities</u> in India.
(iii) Kolkata is <u>a big city</u> . There are <u>many big cities</u> in India. (iv) Her mother brought <u>a dress</u> for her. Her mother brought <u>many dresses</u> for her.
(iv) Her mother brought <u>a dress</u> for her. Her mother brought <u>many dresses</u> for her. Now change the following sentences to give the meaning of "many" or "more than one"
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(v) <u>This electric wire is</u> made of copper.
These electric wires are made of copper
(vi) I see <u>a fly</u> there.
I see many flies.

(vii) Please give me <u>a loaf</u> of bread.

Please give me two loaf of bread.

(viii) My father bought <u>a bunch</u> of grapes.

My father bought many bunches o grapes.

(b) Here are some words which mean only one.

Write the words which mean many in the blanks. Use a dictionary:

<u>One</u>	<u>Many</u>
i) shelf	<u>shelves</u>
ii) thief	<u>thieves</u>
iii) knife	<u>knives</u>
iv) life	lives
v) hero	<u>heroes</u>

- (c) Read these sentences:
 - i) Mani walks to school everyday.
 - ii) Mani and Deben walk to school everyday.
 - iii) A child *goes* to school.
 - iv) The children go to school.
 - v) Each child *is given* a separate seat.

In the above sentences the Verb in each case agrees with the number and person of the subject. Thus, Mani <u>walks</u>. Mani and Deben <u>walks</u>.

- (d) Pick the correct Verb from the brackets and complete the following sentences:
 - i) Romen.....comes...... home late every night. (comes/come)

- ii) Every one of themwas..... told to get back early? (was/ were)
- iii) Which wayhas...... The cow gone? (has/ have)
- iv) Each girlwas..... given a dress for the occasion. (was/were)

