



মণিপুরৰ শাসনৰত্ন (সংস্কৃত)

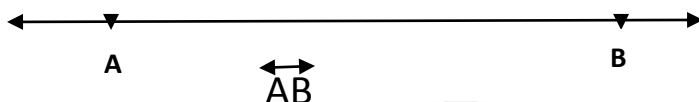
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## CHAPTER-5

### TOPIC: LINES AND ANGLES

#### NOTES:

**LINE** : A line has a sense of length but has neither breadth nor thickness. It has no end points.



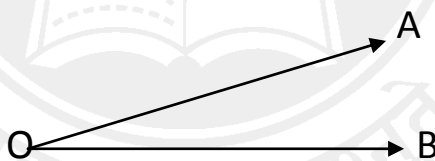
**LINE SEGMENT**: A line segment is a part of a line with two end points . PQ is the line segment.—



**RAY** : A portion of a line extended in one direction from a fixed point is called a ray . Here  $\overrightarrow{OP}$  is the ray.

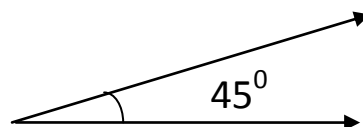


**ANGLE**: An angle is formed by two rays with a common initial point called the vertex and the rays forming an angle are called arms or sides of an angle.

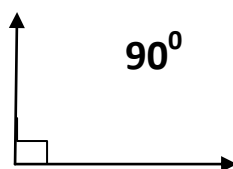


#### TYPES OF ANGLES:

- (i) **Acute Angle**: An angle whose measure is greater than  $0^\circ$  but less than  $90^\circ$  is called an acute angle.



- (ii) **Right Angle:** An angle whose measure is  $90^\circ$  is called right angle.



- (iii) **Obtuse Angle:** An angle whose measure is greater than  $90^\circ$  but less than  $180^\circ$  is called an Obtuse angle.



### RELATED ANGLES:

**Complementary Angles:** When the sum of the measures of two angles is  $90^\circ$ , then it is called **complementary angles**.

**Supplementary Angles:** When the sum of the measures of two angles is  $180^\circ$  then it is called **supplementary angles**

### THINK, DISCUSS AND WRITE:

1. Can two acute angles be complement to each other?

Ans: Yes, two acute angles complement as under :

(i) $45^\circ, 45^\circ$	(ii) $50^\circ, 40^\circ$	(iii) $40^\circ, 50^\circ$
(iv) $60^\circ, 30^\circ$	(v) $30^\circ, 60^\circ$	(vi) $70^\circ, 20^\circ$
(vii) $20^\circ, 70^\circ$	(viii) $80^\circ, 10^\circ$	(ix) $10^\circ, 80^\circ$

2. Can two obtuse angles be complement to each other?

Ans: No, two obtuse angles cannot be complement because their sum is greater than  $90^\circ$ .

3. Can two right angles be complement to each other?

Ans: No, two right angles cannot be complement to each other because their sum is greater than  $90^\circ$ .

1. Which pair of the following angles are complementary?

Ans:

(i) $70^0 + 20^0 = 90^0$	Yes, the pair is complementary.
(ii) $75^0 + 25^0 = 100^0$	It is not complementary.
(iii) $48^0 + 52^0 = 100^0$	It is not complementary.
(iv) $35^0 + 55^0 = 90^0$	Yes, the pair is complementary.

2. What is the measure of the complement of each of the following angles?

Ans: Let x be the complement of the given angle, then..

(i).  $45^0$

$$45^0 + x^0 = 90^0$$

$$x^0 = 90^0 - 45^0$$

$$= 45^0.$$

ii).  $65^0$

$$\text{Soln: } 65^0 + x^0 = 90^0$$

$$x^0 = 90^0 - 65^0$$

$$= 25^0.$$

iii).  $41^0$

$$\text{Soln : } 41^0 + x^0 = 90^0$$

$$x^0 = 90^0 - 41^0$$

$$= 49^0.$$

iv).  $54^0$

$$\text{Soln: } 54^0 + x^0 = 90^0$$

$$x^0 = 90^0 - 54^0$$

$$= 36^0.$$



मानिपुर प्रदेश शिक्षा विभाग (अ०)  
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### **THINK, DISCUSS AND WRITE:**

**1. Can two obtuse angles be supplementary?**

Ans: No, it does not happen so, because  $90^\circ < \text{obtuse angle} < 180^\circ$ .

**2. Can two acute angles can be supplementary?**

Ans: No, it does not happen because  $0^\circ < \text{acute angle} < 90^\circ$ .

**3. Can two right angles be supplementary?**

Ans: Yes, the sum of two right angles is supplementary

i.e.  $90^\circ + 90^\circ = 180^\circ$ .

### **TRY THESE:**

**1. Find the pairs of supplementary angles in fig 5.7:**

(i).  $110^\circ + 50^\circ = 160^\circ$ , it is not supplementary.

(ii).  $105^\circ + 65^\circ = 170^\circ$ , it is not supplementary.

(iii).  $50^\circ + 130^\circ = 180^\circ$  it is supplementary.

(iv).  $45^\circ + 45^\circ = 90^\circ$ , it is not supplementary.

**2. What will be the measure of the supplementary of each of the following angles?**

Ans: Let  $x^\circ$  be the one of the supplementary angles

Then,

(i)  $100^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 180^\circ - 100^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 80^\circ$$

(ii)  $90^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 180^\circ - 90^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 90^\circ$$

(iii)  $55^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 180^\circ - 55^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 125^\circ$$

(iv)  $125^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ$

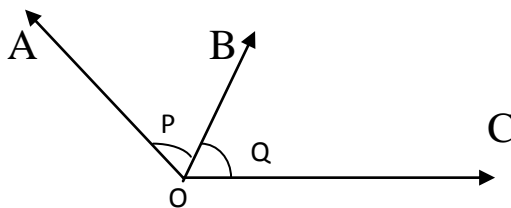
$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 180^\circ - 125^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow x^\circ = 55^\circ$$



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**ADJACENT ANGLES:** Two angles are said to be adjacent if



- (I) They have a common vertex.
- (II) They have a common arm &
- (III) The non – common arm are on either side of the common arm or they do not overlap.

From the above figure, O is the common vertex OB is the common arm and OA & OC are non – common arms  $\angle AOB$  &  $\angle BOC$  are adjacent angles.

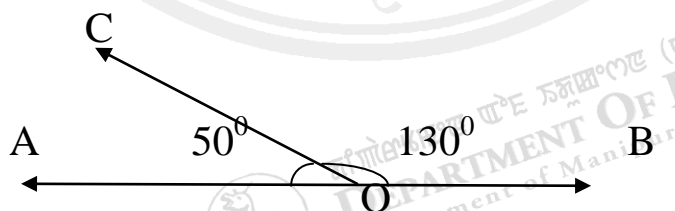
**TRY THESE:**

1. Are the angles marked 1 and 2 adjacent? If they are not adjacent, say “why”?
  - (i). Ans :  $\angle 1$  &  $\angle 2$  are adjacent .
  - (ii).  $\angle 1$  &  $\angle 2$  are adjacent.
  - (iii).  $\angle 1$  &  $\angle 2$  are not adjacent, because they do not have the common vertex.
2. In the given Fig 5.10 are the following adjacent angles?
  - (a) Ans:  $\angle AOB$  and  $\angle BOC$  are adjacent angles because they have common vertex and common arm.
  - (b) Ans:  $\angle AOB$  and  $\angle BOC$  are not adjacent because OC and OA are not on opposite side of OB.

**THINK, DISCUSS, AND WRITE:**

1. Can two adjacent angles be supplementary?

Ans :Yes, two adjacent angles be supplementary.



2. Can two adjacent angles be complementary?

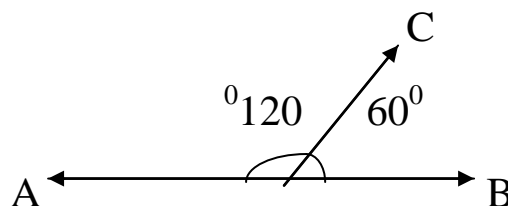
Ans:Yes, two adjacent angle be complementary.

3. Can two obtuse angle be adjacent angle?

Ans : Yes, two obtuse angle be adjacent angles because of the fact that their sum is less than  $360^\circ$ .

**4. Can an acute angle be adjacent to an obtuse angle?**

Ans : Yes, an acute angle be adjacent to an obtuse angle.



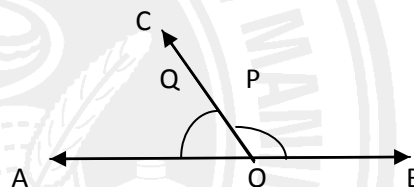
**LINEAR PAIR OF ANGLES:**

Two adjacent angles are said to form a linear pair of angles if their non- common arms are two opposite rays.

**[NOTE: Linear Pair of angles are always supplementary.]**

$LP$  &  $LQ$  are linear pair

i.e.  $LP + LQ = 180^\circ$ .



**THINK, DISCUSS AND WRITE :**

**1.Can two acute angles form a linear pair?**

Ans: No, two acute angles cannot form a linear pair because an acute angles is less than  $90^\circ$  and their sum cannot reach  $180^\circ$ .

**2.Can two obtuse angles form a linear pair?**

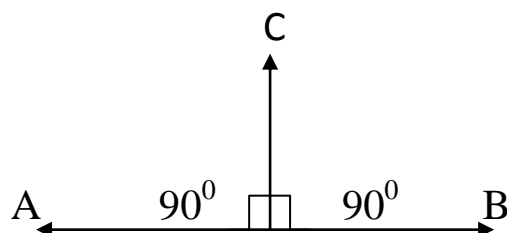
Ans: No, it cannot happen because their sum will be more than  $180^\circ$ .



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### 3.Can two right angles form a linear pair?

Ans: Yes, two right angles can form a linear pair because their sum is  $180^0$ .



#### TRY THESE:

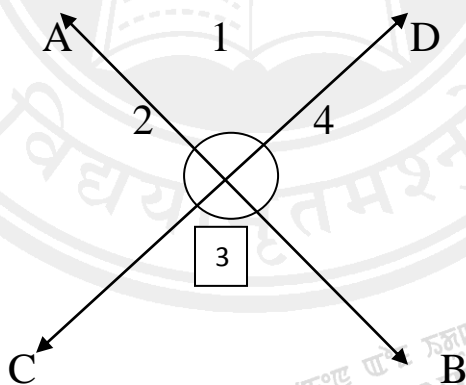
Check which of the following pair of angles form a linear pair because the sum of two angles is

Ans : (i) & (ii) are the pair angles form a linear pair because the sum of two angles is  $180^0$ .

i.e. (i).  $40^0 + 140^0 = 180^0$

ii).  $65^0 + 115^0 = 180^0$ .

#### VERTICALLY OPPOSITE ANGLES:



When two lines are intersect at a point then vertically opposite angles so formed are equal.

Here,  $L1$  and  $L3$

$L2$  and  $L4$  are vertically opposite angles , then

$L1 = L3$  &

$L2 = L4$ .