

## LESSON- 7 OUR STATE- MANIPUR

## SOLUTIONS: EXERCISES

- 1. Answer each question in a word or a sentence :
  - a) Name the rainiest place in Manipur.

Ans. Tamenglong

b) Mention the highest peak in Manipur along with its height.

Ans. Mount Iso is the highest peak in Manipur and is about 2,994 metres high above sea level.

c) Name the hill on the heights of which Shiroi Lily grows.

Ans. Shiroi Lily grows on the heights of the Shiroi Hills in Ukhrul.

- 2. Answer the following questions in about 30 words each:
  - a) What are the two major physiographic divisions of Manipur?

Ans: The two major physiographic divisions of Manipur are the Central Plain and the Surrounding hills.

b) What are the four different seasons of Manipur?

Ans: The four different season of Manipur are Cold season, Hot season,

Rainy season and Retreating monsoon season.

d) Why is there light winter rain in Manipur?

Ans: A fine weather is disturbed by the temperate cyclones so there is light winter rain in Manipur.

e) Name the four different forest types of Manipur.

Ans: The four different forest types of Manipur are Sub-tropical deciduous forest, Sub-tropical evergreen forest, Tropical moist deciduous forests and Tropical moist semi-evergreen forests.

## 3. <u>Choose the correct answer:</u>

- i) Which one of the following rivers is not a tributary to Barak?
- A) The Irang B) The Tuivai
- C) The Khuga D) The Makhru.

Ans: C) The Khuga

- ii) The longest season in Manipur is the
- A) Cold season B) Hot season
- C) **Rainy season** D) retreating monsoon season **Ans:** C) Rainy season
- iii) In Manipur the lowest elevation is found at
- A) Imphal B) Jiribam
- B) Khoupam D)Moreh Ans: B) Jiribam

## 4. Make Correct pairs:

- a) Mapithel range
- b) Vangai range
- c) Tuivai river
- d) Khuga river
- e) Deciduous forests
- f) Evergreen forests
- g) A tributary of Manipur river
  - h) A tributary of the Barak river
- i) Pine
  - j) Teak
  - k) The Eastern hills
- 1) The Western hills

Ans: a) (k) b) (l) c) (h) d) (g) e) (j) f) (i)