



LESSON- 11

Dignity grows Out of work

SOLUTIONS:

Comprehension:

I. Answer the following questions in a sentence each:

1. Why was Chetan unwilling to work?

Ans:- Chetan was unwilling to work because he failed to become an officer.

2. How did he start complaining to his father?

Ans:- He started complaining to his father asking him whether he must remain unemployed forever.

3. How many rupees did his father promise to Chetan?

Ans:- Chetan's father promised to give him five thousand rupees per month.

4. What broke the heart of his father?

Ans:- Chetan's words of laughing at his occupation broke the old man's heart.

5. What should everybody respect?

Ans:- Everybody should respect all labourers.

6. Where did Chetan take rest at the night?

Ans:- Chetan took rest under a banyan tree.

7. What did Chetan accept at last?

Ans:- At last, Chetan accepted the offer of his father to work not for the money but to show his love for his parents.

II. Answer the following questions in about 20-25 words each:

1. What had Chetan to do in order to get the money promised by his father?

Ans:- In order to get the money promised by his father, Chetan had to get up early in the morning, look after the cattle and check the water of their paddy field.

2. How did his father feel when Chetan laughed at the parental occupation?

Ans:- When his loving son laughed at his occupation, Chetan's father was extremely shocked. He had been working hard for him but in return, his words broke his heart.

3. Whose arms and legs stretched every where?

Ans:- Arms and legs of labourers stretched everywhere. They were all busy in their work which made Chetan realised that every work is good for all and they deserved respect.

4. What did Chetan remember about the ant and the grasshopper?

Ans:- Chetan remembered the words of an ant to a grasshopper saying that if one worked in the summer, one would eat in the winter.

5. Why did Chetan say “I’ll succeed, I’ll succeed”?

Ans:- Chetan said that he would succeed because he was determined to show his love for his parents by obeying them and working hard.

III. Write, in about 50-60 words, what you know of the following:

1. Chetan’s experience at the paddy-field.

Ans:- When Chetan saw the pleasing greenery of the paddy-field, the image of unending toil of his father came into his mind. This made him realised how hard his father had been working to bring him up and support their family. He came to know that life is work and there was no way out to make a living other than to work.

2. His experience at the town.

Ans:- At the town, Chetan came across many manual labourers like barbers, blacksmiths, carpenters, cobblers, tailors, vendors, sweepers etc. busy in their own works proudly. He realized that every work was for the good of all and no work was higher nor lower than another work. All labourers deserved respect and they only need to do their work well. Chetan regretted for laughing at his father’s work.

3. His homecoming at night.

Ans:- On his way back home from town, he took rest under a banyan tree. Looking at the moon shining overhead, he was wondering whether he would also succeed in life. He heard insects singing that reminded him about the saying that if one worked in the summer, one would eat in the winter. This made him determined to succeed in showing his love for his parents by working hard.



IV. Match the words in column A with those in column B and rewrite them in the blanks

provided:

A	B
1. Chetan grew to be	tolerant.
2. Every work is	the offer of his father.
3. What really counts is	shining overhead.
4. Chetan was sorry	for the good of all.
5. The moon was	a lazy man.
6. Chetan wanted to accept	towards home and towards work.
7. Chetan's father was	for what he had spoken to his father.
8. Chetan quickened his steps	how well one does it.

1. Chetan grew to be a lazy man.
2. Every work is for the good of all.
3. What really counts is how well one does it.
4. Chetan was sorry for what he had spoken to his father.
5. The moon was shining overhead.
6. Chetan wanted to accept the offer of his father.
7. Chetan's father was tolerant.
8. Chetan quickened his steps towards home and towards work.

V. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements:

1. Chetan wished to be an officer. **T**
2. Chetan's mother was tolerant. **F**
3. Life is possible without work. **F**
4. Dignity grows out of laziness. **F**
5. Chetan accepted work at last. **T**
6. Chetan was never willing to obey his parents. **F**

Vocabulary:

2.a). Fill in the blanks with the correct words from those given in the box:

bounds	quickened	stretched	tolerant
unwilling	vendors	image	worried

1. Chetan had been unwilling to work.
2. His mother was worried about him.
3. His father was however tolerant.
4. The shock of Chetan's father knew no bounds.
5. Chetan's mind saw the image of his father.
6. He came across many vendors of clothes.
7. The arms and legs of labourers stretched every where.
8. Chetan quickened his steps towards home and towards work.

b) Frame sentences of your own by using the following phrases:

bring up	the apple of one's eye	know no bounds
in the meantime	come across	rotten and rotting

i) bring up

Ans:- We must bring up our children very well.

ii) the apple of one's eye

Ans:- I was the apple of my father's eye.

iii) know no bounds

Ans:- The father's shock at the news of his death knew no bounds.

iv) in the meantime

Ans:- Let's have a drink in the meantime.

v) come across

Ans:- He came across her at the railway station.

vi) rotten and rotting

Ans:- All would have been rotten and rotting if not for him.

Grammar:

3.A. Give the adjective forms of the words in the box and frame sentences of your own:

Certainly	anger	greenery	obey	water
effect	success	business	tolerance	truth

Ans:- i) Certainly – certain (adjective)

It is certain that he will pass the examination.

ii) Anger – angry (adjective)

I am angry with you.

iii) Greenery – green (adjective)

We can see many trees having green leaves.

iv) Obey – obedient (adjective)

He is obedient to his parents.

v) Water – watery (adjective)

Her eyes went watery because of the smoke.

vi) Effect – effective (adjective)

We must find an effective solution to the problem.

vii) Success – successful (adjective)

He is a successful businessman.

viii) Business – busy (adjective)

He is busy.

ix) Tolerance – tolerant (adjective)

We must be tolerant of others.

x) Truth – true (adjective)

This is a true story.

B. Give the noun – forms of the words in the box and frame sentences of your own:

live	die	do	give	see	sing
speak	choose	fly	think		

Ans:- i) Live – life (noun)

Life is precious.

ii) Die – death (noun)

No one can escape death.

iii) do – deed (noun)

I am not satisfied with his deeds.

iv) give – gift (noun)

I gave my parents a gift on their wedding anniversary.

v) see – sight (noun)

Don't judge things at first sight.

vi) sing – song (noun)

She sings a pleasant song.

vii) Speak – speech (noun)

She gave a beautiful speech today.

viii) Choose – choice (noun)

That was not my choice.

ix) Fly – flight (noun)

Children are fascinated by the flight of birds.

x) Think – thought (noun)

All her thought went into her work.

C. Rewrite the following passage in the Present Tense:

The night came. The memory of home returned to Chetan's mind. On his way home he took rest under a banyan tree. The moon was shining over head. He wondered if he would also succeed and shine in life. The innumerable insects kept singing to him. "Yes" He stood up Chetan quickened his steps towards home.

Ans:- The night comes. The memory of home returns to Chetan's mind. On his way home he takes rest under a banyan tree. The moon is shining over head. He wonders if he will also succeed and shine in life. The innumerable insects keep singing to him. "Yes" He stands up Chetan quickens his steps towards home.

D. Interrogative Adverbs such as when, where, why, how begin in Interrogative sentences with them. Even then, an Auxiliary Verb known as Operator must precede the Subject of each sentence.

Now, Correct the following sentences:

i. Why you came here?

Ans:- Why did you came here?

ii. How she sings so sweetly?

Ans:- How does she sing so sweetly?

iii. When Columbus discovered America?

Ans:- When did Columbus discover America?

iv. Why you are angry with me?

Ans:- Why are you angry with me?

v. Where we shall go now?

Ans:- Where shall we go now?

Composition:

5. Attempt a story of your own narrating how a naughty child becomes obedient.

Ans:- “Guilt turns him to good”

There was a boy called Dennis studying in the 6th standard in X High School, Imphal. He never listened to his parents and teachers. One day, a teacher caught him copying from his friend Anna, a good girl in his class, during an exam. The teacher punished both Dennis and Anna, Dennis for copying and Anna for letting him copy her answers. Anna was told by the teacher that she was not helping Dennis at all but by doing so he would never want to study and remain a bad boy. Anna realized that she was doing wrong. The teacher thought of teaching Dennis a lesson. He told Dennis that he won't give him any mark for his answers because he doubted his answers for what he had done. Dennis felt guilty for Anna and also for losing the teacher's trust. He felt ashamed and said sorry to both the teacher and Anna. From then on, he learnt to be honest and obedient. He began to study seriously.



মিগাৰাংলাং অ'ই নক্সাম'ল (অ'ম)
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (S)
Government of Manipur